### JUDGE KAPLAN

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

JUNE BENNETT, JOCELYN MCCALLA and JUAN VILLALON,

Plaintiff,

- against -

07°CIV 9456

COMPLAINT

KINGSBRIDGE HEIGHTS REHABILITATION CARE CENTER,

Defendant.

Plaintiffs, JUNE BENNETT, JOCELYN MCCALLA and JUAN VILLALON by and

through their attorneys, FRANK & ASSOCIATES, P.C., complain and allege as follows:

### I. <u>PRELIMINARY STATEMENT</u>

Plaintiffs bring this action to recover declaratory, affirmative and injunctive relief and monetary damages based upon Defendant's violations of Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended, ("Title VII"), 42 U.S.C. § 2000e et seq., The Civil Rights Act of 1866, as amended, ("§ 1981"), 42 U.S.C. § 1981, et. seq., The Age Discrimination in Employment Act of 1967, as amended, ("ADEA"), 29 U.S.C. § 621 et. seq., the New York State Human Rights Law ("NYSHRL"), N.Y. EXEC. Law §290 et. seq., the New York City Human Rights Law ("NYCHRL"), N.Y.C. Admin. Code § 8-107 et. seq., and other appropriate rules, regulations, statutes and ordinances.

### II. JURISDICTION AND VENUE

2. This court has jurisdiction over this action pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1331.

- 3. This Court has jurisdiction over all state law claims brought in this action pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1367.
- 4. This action properly lies in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York, pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391 because the unlawful discriminatory conduct alleged herein occurred within the County of Bronx in the State of New York.
- 5. This court has power to issue declaratory relief pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 2201 and 2202.
- 6. Plaintiffs filed timely charges of discrimination with the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission ("EEOC") and bring this action within ninety (90) days of the receipt of individual Notices of Right to Sue, issued by the EEOC on July 26, 2007. True and accurate copies of which are attached hereto as Exhibit "A."

#### III. PARTIES

- 7. Plaintiff JUNE BENNETT ("Plaintiff Bennett") is a citizen of the State of New York, currently residing in the County of Brooklyn.
- 8. Plaintiff JOCELYN MCCALLA ("Plaintiff McCalla") is a citizen of the State of New York, currently residing in the County of Bronx.
- 9. Plaintiff JUAN VILLALON ("Plaintiff Villalon") is a citizen of the State of New York, currently residing in the County of Bronx.
- 10. At all times relevant to the Complaint, Plaintiffs were "employees" within the meaning of NYSHRL § 292(6) and "persons" within the meaning of 42 U.S.C. § 2000e(a), NYSHRL § 292(1) and NYCHRL § 8-102(1).
- 11. At all times relevant to the Complaint, Plaintiff McCalla was an "employee" within the meaning of 29 U.S.C. § 630(f) and a "person" within the meaning of 29 U.S.C. § 630(a).
- 12. Upon information and belief, Defendant KINGSBRIDGE HEIGHTS

- **REHABILITATION CARE CENTER**, is a nursing home facility doing business at 3400-26 Cannon Place, Bronx New York 10463.
- 13. At all times relevant to the Complaint, Defendant employed more than fifteen (15) employees and is an "employer" within the meaning of 42 U.S.C. § 2000e(b), 29 U.S.C. § 630(b), NYSHRL §292(5) and NYCHRL § 8-102(5).

#### IV. STATEMENT OF FACTS

## Discrimination and Retaliation Against Plaintiff Bennett on the Basis of Her Race, Color and National Origin

- 14. Plaintiff Bennett repeats and realleges each and every allegation contained herein.
- 15. Plaintiff Bennett, a Black female, born in Jamaica, began working for Defendant on or about June 22, 1998, as a Certified Nursing Assistant.
- 16. At all times during her employment with Defendant, Plaintiff Bennett performed her job in a satisfactory manner.
- 17. On or about May 24, 2006, Plaintiff Bennett was terminated along with two (2) other Black, non-Caucasian co-workers; Plaintiffs McCalla and Villalon.
- 18. As shown by the facts in this case, the grounds for Plaintiff Bennett's termination were pretextual for the real reason; discrimination on the basis of race, color and national origin and in retaliation of her prior complaints of discrimination.
  - a. On or about May 23, 2006, Plaintiff Bennett was informed by Solomon Rutenberg ("Rutenberg"), Assistant Administrator, a co-worker had accused her of threatening them on or about April 23, 2006, and a police complaint had been filed with the New York City Police Department ("50<sup>th</sup> Precinct").

- b. Plaintiff Bennett advised Rutenberg the staff member's allegations were false and in fact there was no police complaint. She demanded to know who had accused her.
- c. Plaintiff Bennett was not named in the police complaint which was filed with the 50<sup>th</sup> Precinct, nor is there a record of any other complaint filed against her.
- d. Defendant did not perform a proper investigation with respect to the allegations brought against Plaintiff Bennett. A proper investigation would have determined the person alleged to have brought the complaint against Plaintiff Bennett was not employed on the date in question.
- e. During her tenure with Defendant, Plaintiff Bennett often voiced her objections about Defendant's failure to comply with its own policies, as well as the manner in which the minority workers were being treated.
- f. Plaintiff Bennett was also not afforded the rights guaranteed by the

  Union contract requiring she only be suspended during the pendency of an
  investigation into allegations of misconduct, rather than face immediate
  termination.
- g. Plaintiff Bennett previously filed complaints against Defendant with the New York State Division of Human Rights alleging discriminatory treatment.
- 19. Based upon the foregoing actions, Plaintiff Bennett was unlawfully terminated based on her race, color, and national origin, and retaliated against based on her complaints of discrimination in violation of Title VII, § 1981, the NYSHRL and NYCHRL.

## Discrimination Against Plaintiff McCalla on the Basis of Her Age, Race, Color and National Origin

- 20. Plaintiff McCalla repeats and reallges each and every allegation contained herein.
- 21. Plaintiff McCalla, a fifty (50) year old Black female, born in Antigua on October 19, 1956, began working for Defendant on or about December 9, 2004, as a Certified Nursing Assistant.
- 22. At all times during her employment with Defendant, Plaintiff McCalla's time, attendance, and work performance were always satisfactory.
- 23. On or about May 24, 2006, Plaintiff McCalla was terminated along with two (2) other Black, non-Caucasian co-workers; Plaintiffs Bennett and Villalon.
- 24. As shown by the facts in this case, the grounds for Plaintiff McCalla's termination were pretextual for the real reason; discrimination on the basis of age, race, color and national origin.
  - a. On or about May 23, 2006, Plaintiff McCalla was informed by Rutenberg a coworker had gone to the 50<sup>th</sup> Precinct and filed a complaint alleging she had threatened them with harm if they came to work during a Union Strike.
  - b. Despite being told by the 50<sup>th</sup> Precinct no complaints had been filed against her, Plaintiff McCalla came to learn a complaint had been filed with the 50<sup>th</sup> Precinct on or about May 19, 2006, by a person named Janice LaMarche ("LaMarche"), alleging she was harassed on or about May 9, 2006.
  - c. Defendant did not perform a proper investigation with respect to the allegations brought against Plaintiff McCalla. A proper investigation would have determined LaMarche was not employed on the date in question.

- d. Plaintiff McCalla was also not afforded the rights guaranteed by the

  Union contract requiring she only be suspended during the pendency of an
  investigation into allegations of misconduct, rather than face immediate
  termination.
- e. Upon information and belief, between August 2005 and September 2006,

  Defendant hired thirty-three (33) new employees. Approximately twenty-nine

  (29) have dates of birth ranging from February 1960 to June 1986.
- 25. Based upon the foregoing actions, Plaintiff McCalla was unlawfully terminated based on her age, race, color, and national origin in violation of Title VII, § 1981, the ADEA, the NYSHRL and NYSHRL.

### Discrimination and Retaliation Against Plaintiff Villalon on the Basis of His Race, Color and National Origin

- 26. Plaintiff Villalon repeats and realleges each and every allegation contained herein.
- 27. Plaintiff Villalon, a Black and Hispanic male, born in Cuba, began working for Defendant on or about June 29, 1990, as a Dietary Worker.
- 28. At all times during his employment, Plaintiff Villalon performed his job in a satisfactory manner.
- 29. On or about May 24, 2006, Plaintiff Villalon was terminated along with two (2) other Black, non-Caucasian co-workers; Plaintiffs Bennett and McCalla.
- 30. As shown by the facts in this case, the grounds for Plaintiff Villalon's termination were pretextual for the real reason; discrimination on the basis of race, color and national origin and in retaliation of his prior complaints of discrimination.

- a. On or about May 23, 2006, Plaintiff Villalon was summoned to Rutenberg's office and was informed he received a complaint from the 50<sup>th</sup> Precinct, alleging Plaintiff Villalon threatened a co-worker with harm if they came to work during a Union strike.
- b. Plaintiff Villalon requested to know the identity of his accuser. Rutenberg refused to divulge such information.
- c. Plaintiff Villalon went to the 50<sup>th</sup> Precinct and learned a complaint had been filed with the 50<sup>th</sup> Precinct on or about May 19, 2006, by a person named LaMarche, alleging she was harassed on or about May 9, 2006.
- d. Defendant did not perform a proper investigation with respect to the allegations brought against Plaintiff Villalon. A proper investigation would have determined LaMarche was not employed on the date in question.
- e. During his tenure with Defendant, Plaintiff Villalon spoke with his co-workers about Defendant's failure to comply with the Union contract, as well as the manner in which they were being treated.
- f. Plaintiff Villalon was also not afforded the rights guaranteed by the Union contract requiring he only be suspended during the pendency of an investigation into allegations of misconduct, rather than face immediate termination.
- g. In or about December 2005, Plaintiff Villalon inquired as to why there were no new Hispanic workers being hired in the Dietary Department. As of the time of his termination, all new hires in his Department were Caucasian from Eastern European.

- h. Plaintiff Villalon previously filed a complaint against Defendant with the New York State Division of Human Rights alleging discriminatory treatment.
- 31. Based on the foregoing actions, Plaintiff Villalon was unlawfully terminated based on his race, color and national origin and retaliated against based on his prior complaints of discrimination in violation of Title VII, § 1981, the NYSHRL and NYCHRL.

#### V. <u>CLAIMS FOR RELIEF</u>

# AS AND FOR THE FIRST, SECOND AND THIRD CAUSES OF ACTION (Race, Color and National Origin Discrimination as to Plaintiff Bennett under § 1981, the NYSHRL and NYCHRL)

- 32. Plaintiff Bennett repeats and realleges each and every allegation contained herein.
- 33. Defendant violated § 1981, the NYSHRL and NYCHRL by terminating Plaintiff Bennett's employment on the basis of her race, color and national origin.
- As a proximate result of Defendant's discrimination, Plaintiff Bennett has suffered and continues to suffer substantial loss of past and future earnings, bonuses, and other supplemental employment benefits.
- As a further proximate result of Defendant's actions, Plaintiff Bennett has suffered and continues to suffer loss of reputation, emotional and mental distress, personal humiliation and anguish, and other compensatory damages.
- 36. The conduct of Defendant was done with malice and/or reckless indifference to Plaintiff Bennett's rights. Therefore, Plaintiff Bennett is entitled to equitable and injunctive relief, and an award of punitive damages and attorneys' fees pursuant to § 1981, and the NYCHRL.

# AS AND FOR THE FOURTH AND FIFTH CAUSES OF ACTION (Race and Color Discrimination as to Plaintiffs McCalla and Villalon under Title VII, § 1981, the NYSHRL and NYCHRL)

- 37. Plaintiffs McCalla and Villalon repeat and reallege each and every allegation contained herein.
- 38. Defendant violated Title VII, § 1981, the NYSHRL and NYCHRL by terminating the employment of Plaintiffs McCalla and Villalon on the basis of their race and color.
- As a proximate result of Defendant's discrimination, Plaintiffs McCalla and Villalon have suffered and continue to suffer substantial loss of past and future earnings, bonuses, and other supplemental employment benefits.
- 40. As a further proximate result of Defendant's actions, Plaintiffs McCalla and Villalon have suffered and continue to suffer loss of reputation, emotional and mental distress, personal humiliation and anguish, and other compensatory damages.
- 41. The conduct of Defendant was done with malice and/or reckless indifference to the rights of Plaintiffs McCalla and Villalon. Therefore, Plaintiffs McCalla and Villalon are entitled to equitable and injunctive relief, and an award of punitive damages and attorneys' fees pursuant to Title VII, § 1981, and the NYCHRL.

# AS AND FOR THE SIXTH CAUSE OF ACTION (National Origin Discrimination as to Plaintiffs McCalla and Villalon under § 1981, the NYSHRL and NYCHRL)

- 42. Plaintiffs McCalla and Villalon repeat and reallege each and every allegation contained herein.
- 43. Defendant violated § 1981, the NYSHRL and NYCHRL by terminating the employment of Plaintiffs McCalla and Villalon on the basis of their national origin.
- 44. As a proximate result of Defendant's discrimination, Plaintiffs McCalla and Villalon

- have suffered and continue to suffer substantial loss of past and future earnings, bonuses, and other supplemental employment benefits.
- 45. As a further proximate result of Defendant's actions, Plaintiffs McCalla and Villalon have suffered and continue to suffer loss of reputation, emotional and mental distress, personal humiliation and anguish, and other compensatory damages.
- 46. The conduct of Defendant was done with malice and/or reckless indifference to the rights of Plaintiffs McCalla and Villalon. Therefore, Plaintiffs McCalla and Villalon are entitled to equitable and injunctive relief, and an award of punitive damages and attorneys' fees pursuant to § 1981, and the NYCHRL.

## AS FOR THE SEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION (Age Discrimination as to Plaintiff McCalla under the ADEA, NYSHRL and NYCHRL)

- 47. Plaintiff McCalla repeats and realleges each and every allegation contained here.
- 48. Defendant violated the ADEA, NYSHRL and NYCHRL by terminating Plaintiff McCalla's employment on the basis of her age.
- 49. As a proximate result of Defendant's discrimination, Plaintiff McCalla has suffered and continues to suffer substantial loss of past and future earnings, bonuses, and other supplemental employment benefits.
- As a further proximate result of Defendant's actions, Plaintiff McCalla has suffered and continues to suffer a loss of reputation, emotional and mental distress, personal humiliation and anguish, and other compensatory damages.
- 51. Defendant willfully violated Plaintiff McCalla's rights. Therefore, Plaintiff McCalla is entitled to equitable and injunctive relief, an award of liquidated damages pursuant to the

ADEA, punitive damages pursuant to the NYCHRL, and attorneys' fees pursuant to the ADEA and NYCHRL.

## AS FOR THE EIGHTH CAUSE OF ACTION (Retaliation as to Plaintiffs Bennett and Villalon under Title VII, § 1981, the NYSHRL and NYCHRL)

- 52. Plaintiffs Bennett and Villalon repeat and reallege each and every allegation contained herein.
- Plaintiffs Bennett and Villalon have been retaliated against by Defendant on the basis of their prior complaints of discrimination in violation of Title VII, § 1981, the NYSHRL and NYCHRL.
- 54. As a proximate result of Defendant's retaliation, Plaintiffs Bennett and Villalon have suffered and continue to suffer substantial loss of past and future earnings, bonuses, and other supplemental employment benefits.
- As a further and proximate result of Defendant's actions, Plaintiffs Bennett and Villalon have suffered and continue to suffer a loss of reputation, emotional and mental distress, personal humiliation and anguish, and other compensatory damages.
- The conduct of Defendant was done with malice and/or reckless indifference to the rights of Plaintiffs Bennett and Villalon. Therefore, Plaintiffs Bennett and Villalon are entitled to equitable and injunctive relief, and an award of punitive damages and attorneys' fees pursuant to Title VII, § 1981, and the NYCHRL.

### VI. PLAINTIFFS' DEMAND FOR A JURY TRIAL

- 57. Plaintiffs repeat and reallege each and every allegation contained herein.
- 58. Plaintiffs hereby demand a trial by jury in this action.

#### VII. PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, as a result of the unlawful discriminatory conduct and actions of the Defendant herein alleged, Plaintiffs Bennett, McCalla and Villalon demand judgment:

- a. Declaring Defendant violated the aforementioned statutes;
- b. Declaring Defendant's actions were done with malice and/or reckless indifference to the rights of Plaintiffs Bennett, McCalla and Villalon under Title VII and § 1981;
- c. Declaring Defendant willfully violated the ADEA;
- d. A permanent injunction enjoining Defendant, its agents, employees, officers and successors in interest and those acting in concert with Defendant, from engaging in the illegal and unlawful customs, policies and practices described herein;
- e. As and for the First, Second and Third Causes of Action: (a) actual damages for past and future earnings, bonuses, and other supplemental employment benefits; (b) compensatory damages, including but not limited to: loss of reputation; emotional and mental distress; and personal humiliation and anguish, in an amount to be determined at trial; (c) equitable and injunctive relief; and (d) punitive damages and attorneys' fees pursuant to § 1981 and the NYCHRL;
- f. As and for the Fourth and Fifth Causes of Action: (a) actual damages for past and future earnings, bonuses, and other supplemental employment benefits; (b) compensatory damages, including but not limited to: loss of reputation; emotional and mental distress; and personal humiliation and anguish, in an amount to be determined at trial; (c) equitable and injunctive relief; and (d) punitive damages and attorneys' fees pursuant to Title VII, § 1981 and the NYCHRL;

- g. As and for the Sixth Cause of Action: (a) actual damages for past and future earnings, bonuses, and other supplemental employment benefits; (b) compensatory damages, including but not limited to: loss of reputation; emotional and mental distress; and personal humiliation and anguish, in an amount to be determined at trial; (c) equitable and injunctive relief; and (d) punitive damages and attorneys' fees pursuant to § 1981 and the NYCHRL;
- h. As and for the Seventh Cause of Action: (a) actual damages for lost past and future earnings, bonuses, and other supplemental employment benefits; (b) compensatory damages, including but not limited to: loss of reputation; emotional and mental distress; and personal humiliation and anguish, in an amount to be determined at trial; and (c) equitable and injunctive relief; (d) liquidated damages pursuant to the ADEA; and (e) attorneys' fees pursuant to the ADEA and NYCHRL;
- i. As and For the Eighth Cause of Action: (a) actual damages for past and future earnings, bonuses, and other supplemental employment benefits; (b) compensatory damages, including but not limited to: loss of reputation; emotional and mental distress; and personal humiliation and anguish, in an amount to be determined at trial; (c) equitable and injunctive relief; and (d) punitive damages and attorneys' fees pursuant to Title VII, § 1981 and the NYCHRL;
- j. Pre and post judgment interest;
- k. Costs and disbursements incurred in this action, including expert fees; and
- 1. For such other and further relief as this Court may deem just and proper.

Dated: Farmingdale, New York October 22, 2007

FRANK & ASSOCIATES., P.C. Attorneys for Plaintiff

By: Yorkela J. Emer Neil M. Frank, Esq. (NF-0521

Neil M. Frank, Esq. (NF-0521) Pamela J. Eisner (PE-5678) 500 Bi-County Blvd., Suite 112N Farmingdale, New York 11735 (631) 756-0400 EEOC Form 161-B (3/98)

### U.S. EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY COMMISSION

NOTICE OF RIGHT TO SUE (ISSUED ON REQUEST) To: **June Bennett** 40 Woodruff Avenue Apt. 610 From: **New York District Office** 33 Whitehall Street Brooklyn, NY 11226 5th Floor New York, NY 10004 On behalf of person(s) aggrieved whose identity is CONFIDENTIAL (29 CFR §1601.7(a)) EEOC Charge No. **EEOC Representative** Telephone No. John B. Douglass, 16G-2006-03533/10112370-1B Supervisory Investigator (212) 336-3765 (See also the additional information enclosed with this form.) NOTICE TO THE PERSON AGGRIEVED: Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 and/or the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA): This is your Notice of Right to Sue, issued under Title VII and/or the ADA based on the above-numbered charge. It has been issued at your request. Your lawsuit under Title VII or the ADA must be filed in a federal or state court WITHIN 90 DAYS of your receipt of this notice; or your right to sue based on this charge will be lost. (The time limit for filing suit based on a state claim may be different.) More than 180 days have passed since the filing of this charge. Less than 180 days have passed since the filing of this charge, but I have determined that it is unlikely that the EEOC will be able to complete its administrative processing within 180 days from the filing of this charge. The EEOC is terminating its processing of this charge. The EEOC will continue to process this charge. Age Discrimination in Employment Act (ADEA): You may sue under the ADEA at any time from 60 days after the charge was filed until 90 days after you receive notice that we have completed action on the charge. In this regard, the paragraph marked below applies to your case: The EEOC is closing your case. Therefore, your lawsuit under the ADEA must be filed in federal or state court WITHIN 90 DAYS of your receipt of this Notice. Otherwise, your right to sue based on the above-numbered charge will be lost. The EEOC is continuing its handling of your ADEA case. However, if 60 days have passed since the filing of the charge, you may file suit in federal or state court under the ADEA at this time. Equal Pay Act (EPA): You already have the right to sue under the EPA (filing an EEOC charge is not required.) EPA suits must be brought in federal or state court within 2 years (3 years for willful violations) of the alleged EPA underpayment. This means that backpay due for any violations that occurred more than 2 years (3 years) before you file suit may not be collectible. If you file suit, based on this charge, please send a copy of your court complaint to this office. On behalf of the

**Director** 

Enclosures(s)

3400-26 Cannon Place

**Bronx, NY 10463** 

CC:

KINGSBRIDGE HEIGHTS REHABILITATION

Frank & Associates, P.C. 500 Bi-County Blvd, Suite 112N Farmingdale, NY 11735

EEOC Form	161-B	(3/98)
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### U.S. EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY COMMISSION

NOTICE OF RIGHT TO SUE (ISSUED ON REQUEST)							
3525	elyn McCalla Decatur Avenue #1M c, NY 10467	1.000 (7.55	From:	New York District Office 33 Whitehall Street 5th Floor New York, NY 10004			
	On behalf of person(s) aggrieved who CONFIDENTIAL (29 CFR §1601.7(a))	se identity is					
EEOC Charg	e No.	EEOC Representative		Talanhara Na			
		John B. Douglass,	•	Telephone No.			
16G-2006-	03535/10112373	Supervisory Investigator	•. •	(212) 336-3765			
<b>N</b> OTICE TO TH	E PERSON AGGRIEVED:			the additional information enclosed with this form.)			
Title VII of the under Title Vithe ADA mu	he Civil Rights Act of 1964 and/or	WITHIN OF DAYS	been issu	(ADA): This is your Notice of Right to Sue, issued used at your request. Your lawsuit under Title VII or t of this notice; or your right to sue based on this.)			
X							
	Less than 180 days have passed be able to complete its administration	since the filing of this charge, tive processing within 180 days	but I have	ve determined that it is unlikely that the EEOC will e filing of this charge.			
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	The EEOC will continue to proces	•					
<b>Age Discri</b> m 90 days after <b>your case:</b>	ination in Employment Act (ADE, you receive notice that we have c	A): You may sue under the AD ompleted action on the charge	EA at an	ny time from 60 days after the charge was filed until regard, the paragraph marked below applies to			
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lf you file suit	, based on this charge, please send	a copy of your court complaint	to this off	ice.			
		On-behalf of	the Con	nmission			
-				7/26/2007			
Enclosures(	s)	Spencer H. Le Directo	w. Jr.	(Date Mailed)			

cc:

KINGSBRIDGE HEIGHTS NURSING HOME 3400-26 Cannon Place Bronx, NY 10463

Frank & Associates, P.C. 500 Bi-County Blvd., Suite 112N Farmingdale, NY 11735

EEOC Form 16	U.S. EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY COMMISSION						
		OTICE OF RIGHT TO SUI					
To: Juan Villalon 2235 Tiebout Avenue Apt. PVT Bronx, NY 10457			From:	New York District Office 33 Whitehall Street 5th Floor New York, NY 10004			
	On behalf of person(s) agg CONFIDENTIAL (29 CFR §	rieved whose identity is 1601.7(a))					
EEOC Char	ge No.	EEOC Representative		Telep	phone No.		
16G-2006-03654/10112529			John B. Douglass, Supervisory Investigator		(212) 336-3765		
NOTICE TO TH	IE PERSON AGGRIEVED:		(See also	the additional information enci	losed with this form.)		
Title VII of the under Title Vite ADA mu	the Civil Rights Act of 19 /II and/or the ADA based of ust be filed in a federal of	64 and/or the Americans with on the above-numbered charge. r state court <u>WITHIN 90 DAYS</u> lling suit based on a state claim r	it has been issi	ued at your request. Your law	Right to Sue, issued suit under Title VII or to sue based on this		
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	Less than 180 days have passed since the filing of this charge, but I have determined that it is unlikely that the EEOC will be able to complete its administrative processing within 180 days from the filing of this charge.						
X	The EEOC is terminating its processing of this charge.						
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The EEOC is closing your case. Therefore, your lawsuit under the ADEA must be filed in federal or state court WITHIN 90 DAYS of your receipt of this Notice. Otherwise, your right to sue based on the above-numbered charge will be lost.

The EEOC is continuing its handling of your ADEA case. However, if 60 days have passed since the filing of the charge, you may file suit in federal or state court under the ADEA at this time.

Equal Pay Act (EPA): You already have the right to sue under the EPA (filing an EEOC charge is not required.) EPA suits must be brought in federal or state court within 2 years (3 years for willful violations) of the alleged EPA underpayment. This means that backpay due for any violations that occurred more than 2 years (3 years) before you file suit may not be collectible.

If you file suit, based on this charge, please send a copy of your court complaint to this office.

Enclosures(s)

pencer H. L .e₩is, Jr., **Director** 

cc:

KINGSBRIDGE HEIGHTS REHABILITATION 3400-26 Cannon Place **Bronx, NY 10463** 

Frank & Associates, P.C. 510 Bi-County Blvd., Suite 112N Farmingdale, NY 11735